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CLARKE FATHERS TRUST MEASURE

Wyoming Senator To Introduce Incorporation Bill Today

Prominent Men In Financial World Indorse President's Plan To Control Large Combinations Of Capital And Say Unless Law Is Enacted Great Business Concerns Will Be Endangered By Adverse Decisions In Standard Oil And Tobacco Cases

Washington, Feb. 7.—Unless there is some unlooked for derangement of the legislative program, congress will today get the most radical bill it has received—and which had any prospect of becoming law—in the last 50 years, according to experts who are familiar with the course of law-making. The Taft federal incorporation bill, which the administration believes will provide a safe method for the national recognition of large combinations and which will at the same time give control of such combinations to the government, will be presented to congress by Senator Clarke of Wyoming and Representative Parker of New Jersey, chairman of the judiciary committee of the senate and house.

Idea Not New One.

Although the idea of national incorporation is perhaps as old as the United States and has been discussed seriously for the last 10 years, it did not become a concrete proposition until the last few months. In November last Attorney General Wickens began to draw plans for a national incorporation law which would suit him, which would agree with

the draft, which is to be submitted to congress today, represents, the administration believes, the best plan which can be brought forward.

Prospects Are Brighter.

A few weeks ago the president did not expect to see the incorporation bill become a law at the present session of congress. This expectation was based on the belief of Mr. Taft that in matters so important the whole national congress would be unwilling to act exclusively without prolonged consideration. Since the proposition, however, has been made the subject of discussion among public men, the attitude of the administration has changed, and it is now believed the bill may go far along the road toward passage this year if it does not actually become a law.

While it has been said with evident reason that the supreme court will not decide the Standard Oil case and the American Tobacco case until October, it is generally believed that the decisions in these cases most probably will be against the corporations. If the decisions do favor the government, it has been pointed out, there is not one big combination of capital which does not face dissolution by the hand of the law.

Unless there is legislation along the line proposed in this bill, therefore, the great business concerns of the nation are in danger. Within the last few days such prominent men as George W. Perkins, Frank Vanderlip and J. J. Hill have indorsed the Taft plan. The administration does not believe that because there is a combination of capital there is a combination of evil, and for the sake of the business of the United States it would like to see congress pass this bill. On the other hand, administration advisers point out that federal incorporation does not tend to grant immunity to offending concerns or to permit the creation of monopolies or stock watering with its consequent evils.

KILLED HIS SON-IN-LAW



SENATOR CLARKE.

Wyoming Lawmaker Who Will Present Corporation Bill In Senate.

President Taft's ideas and which would permit such combinations of capital as most thinking men in the administration regard as necessary and unavoidable.

Since then the attorney general and many of his advisers, prominent members of the senate and house and those men all over the country, have been interested in this bill. The com-

Carrollton, Ga., Feb. 7.—In a duel with pistols T. R. Johnson, a wealthy planter, killed his son-in-law, Henry Camp. The duel followed the elopement of Camp with Johnson's 18-year-old daughter. Camp took her across the line into Alabama, where they were married. Mrs. Camp says she will prosecute her father.

SCHOONER ASHORE

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 7.—The schooner Carrie A. Norton, from Jacksonville to New York with a cargo of lumber, went ashore two miles north of False Cape lifesaving station, on the Virginia coast. Captain Brown, his wife and crew of six men were taken from the schooner by the lifesavers.

EAGLE WHIPS ALLIGATOR

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—A desperate battle was fought in the Golden Gate park aviary between a large golden eagle and a four-foot alligator. The fight was waged in the air, on land and in water, and the alligator was so badly gashed that it may die.

SCENES IN SUBMERGED PARIS: STREETS AND BRIDGES FLOODED.



ALL KINDS OF WEATHER PROMISED FOR WEEK

Washington, Feb. 7.—In a special bulletin the weather bureau says that the week beginning today will open with temperature considerably below the average for the season over the eastern portion of the United States and freezing weather in the gulf states and Florida. Following the cold period in the east, the tempera-

ture will rise slowly for several days. A storm from the middle west and northwest that will reach the Atlantic coast about Thursday will be attended by general precipitation from the Mississippi valley eastward, and that in more northern states will be in the form of snow and will be followed by a change to colder weather.

LONG STRIKE TO END

New York, Feb. 7.—The general strike of the waiters, which began with a walkout of from 30,000 to 40,000 and has dwindled down to about 2,000, is to be declared off within 10 days, it was declared at the headquarters of the strikers in Clinton hall.

KILLED BY FOOTPADS

Columbus, O., Feb. 7.—The climax of the reign of highway robbery in Columbus came with a murder when John M. Campbell, 47, died at St. Francis hospital after having been assaulted by footpads near the hospital a few hours before.

THE ESCAPING HEAT IS TO BE UTILIZED

Pittsburg, Feb. 7.—Heat escaping from the tops of coke ovens throughout western Pennsylvania is to be harnessed and turned into electricity at once. Today the first real work in harnessing heat will be done at the Shamrock plant of the Fayette Coke company.

It has been estimated that about \$32,000,000 worth has been escaping from the ovens of the Connellsville region each year, and arrangements have now been completed for capturing about \$14,000,000 worth of it per year and turning it to good effect. The invention, which is backed

by much Pittsburgh capital, is that of George E. Tillow of Uniontown, whose idea is to have small boilers over the top of each coke oven while it is burning, and from this heat generate steam and electricity which can be used in the coke region towns.

It is estimated that \$30,000,000 was cleaned up by Chicago contract grafters, some of whom are under indictment for frauds against the city.

Former State Treasurer Frank P. Glazier of Michigan, convicted of the embezzlement of \$685,000 state funds, was sentenced by Judge Wells to serve 5 to 10 years in state's prison.

SPENT TIME IN STATION

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 7.—Miss Catherine Day, the 15-year-old daughter of Arthur H. Day, who dropped out of sight Friday morning when she started for school, has returned home. "I was in the Grand Central station in New York all the time since Friday night," she explained.

DIFFERENT STORY

Managua, Feb. 7.—General Vasquez, the government commander, has advised President Madriz that one-sixth of the revolutionists under General Mena were either killed or wounded in the recent fighting at Santo Tomas. He adds that the government losses were also heavy. The insurgents claim that they defeated the government troops at Santo Tomas with the loss of 500 killed or wounded.

DEATH OF SIMON BURNS

Pittsburg, Feb. 7.—Simon Burns, former president of the Windowglass Workers of America, and perhaps one of the best-known labor leaders in the world, died at the South Side hospital, aged 55 years.

SHOOTS HER HUSBAND

Akron, O., Feb. 7.—Francisco Devitto is dying at the city hospital from a bullet in his right breast fired by his wife, Maggie Devitto. An officer found Devitto after a quarrel between the man and woman. Mrs. Devitto, who is in jail, says her husband refused to allow her to take a roasted chicken to her mother in Canton.

MESSANGER JAILED

New York, Feb. 7.—Denson Lang, the 17-year-old messenger boy employed by the stock exchange house of Hornblower & Weeks, who was to deposit a \$10,000 gold certificate in the National City bank on Friday morning and who appeared before his employers on Saturday noon minus the bill and with a story of having been in a trance for several hours, was arraigned in the Tombs court. He went to the Tombs in default of \$10,000 bail and his examination was set for Thursday.

WITHDRAWS HIS GIFT

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 7.—Princeton heard that William Cooper Procter of Cincinnati has withdrawn his gift of \$500,000 for a graduate college for Princeton university. The withdrawal means that Mr. Procter and Dean Andrew West of the present graduate school have not seen their way clear to adjust certain difficulties about the proposed college with the special committee of the trustees.

GOES AFTER PAY STATION ABUSES

Representative Freiner Has Telephone Bill Ready

Vinton County Solon Who Won Fight For Lower Railroad Fares Now Seeks To Compel Service After Nickel Is Dropped In Slot—Grinnell Adds Inheritance Tax Measure To Two Others Already Introduced On Same Subject

Columbus, O., Feb. 7.—Representative John R. Freiner of Vinton county has a bill ready for the house hopper which is aimed at telephone wrongs. Mr. Freiner is the man responsible for the 2-cent a mile railroad law, and now he is after the pay telephone station. He declares that since the public telephones have multiplied the

made. The Vinton county statesman points to still another evil.

The telephone exchange is founded upon mutual subscription, and the more stations the more valuable it becomes, not only to the user but to the company. Under the pay station principle a subscriber might be paying for a dozen wires and yet if he was in a different section of the city and wanted to talk to his own home or office over the wires for which he pays a yearly rental he would be forced to produce another nickel. This ought to be regulated in some fashion, he says, but for the present he will content himself with providing a penalty for taking a citizen's nickel and not giving him the connection asked for.

Differs From Other Bills.

Representative Grinnell of Portage county has a direct inheritance taxation bill which he will introduce at today's session of the house. It is entirely different from the Rathburn and Phare bills which are already before the senate. Mr. Grinnell's measure will have an exemption of \$3,000 but will provide a sliding scale of taxation upon the amount of the bequest, the levy increasing in ratio with the size of the inheritance. In this the New York principle will be followed. In that state the rate for direct inheritance is 1 per cent and a maximum of 5 per cent on collateral inheritances. These laws produced over \$5,000,000 in 1908.

Senator Rathburn's bill makes the exemption \$5,000 for each inheritor and fixes a tax rate of 2 per cent on the remainder of the bequest. Senator Phare of Cleveland proposed to make the exemption \$2,000 and levy a flat rate of 1 per cent.

It is the general prediction here that an inheritance tax will be levied, as it has been recommended by Governor Harmon, by the special committee on taxation of the senate, by the state board of commerce and by many other organizations.

School For Deaf Searched.

Washington, Feb. 7.—A fire which did damage estimated at between \$50,000 and \$75,000 occurred at Galhader college for the deaf and dumb in Maryland.



REPRESENTATIVE FREINER.

Author of Two-Cent Fare Law, Now After Telephone Companies.

filing of 5-cent pieces has outrun their numbers. It is a common occurrence for a man to call another station, and find that he has been given the wrong place. His word is seldom accepted by the operator and he is forced to pay again. Another evil is the refusal of the telephone officials to secure the person wanted upon a local call. They simply give the desired number, and if the person wanted is not there the telephone user is out the 5 cents which he was forced to drop into the slot. This is not the case when a long distance call is

PASSENGERS ON TRAIN HELD UP BY BANDITS

Pittsburg, Kan., Feb. 7.—Three unidentified men held up and robbed the passengers on an eastbound Missouri Pacific passenger train five miles east of here. They were unmasked. About \$400 and a small amount of jewelry was taken.

The robbers boarded the train, which was a local accommodation, on the outskirts of Pittsburg. They took seats in the chair car and rode quietly until the train was near Cornell, Kan. There they leaped from their seats, backed Conductor Garrity into a corner and, drawing revolvers, warned him not to call for assistance from other members of the train crew. One of the robbers then covered the passengers with his revolver. "You will now prepare to give up your valuables," he said. "My partner here will pass among you. Please be quiet."

The robber with the sack strapped

the last passenger in the car and then the three dropped off the train when it stopped at Cornell and disappeared down an alley into the town. No attempt was made to rob the express car of the train.

PEACE OFFERING REJECTED

Strike at Bethlehem Steel Plant to Be Continued.

South Bethlehem, Pa., Feb. 7.—Practically to a man the strikers at the Bethlehem Steel company in mass meeting rejected the proposition of General Superintendent C. A. Buck that the men could all return to work this morning as individuals, the company, however, reserving the right to employ what men they chose. The strikers next voted unanimously not to go to work and then organized a local branch of the International Association of Machinists.